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PLANS FOR THE CONVENTION MEETING OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE

OF ARRANGEMENTS.

HOW TICKETS TO THE HALL WILL BE DIS-TRIBUTED-WORK ON THE BUILDING TO BE BEGUN AT ONCE-CHICAGO'S PARTI-

SANS KEENLY DISAPPOINTED. Washington, Dec. 11.-The special committee appointed yesterday by the Republican National Com-mittee to arrange the details for the convention, and which is to act independently of the regular Executive Committee, held its first meeting this morning at the Arlington. All of the seven mem-bers-Messrs. Manley, of Maine: Kerens, of Missourt; Clayton, of Arkansas; Hahn, of Ohio; Clarkson, of Iowa; Carter, of Montana, and Campbell, of Illinois-were present. Mr. Thompson, president of the St. Louis Bank of Commerce, was also in at-tendance. Mr. Thompson is the president of the Business Men's Association of St. Louis, and has been one of the moving spirits in the movement which the delegation from his city made to take the convention to St. Louis. After some discussion, an agree-ment was reached as to the distribution of the convention tickets. On this matter the committee expressed a willingness to be as liberal as circumstances would permit. Those who will be admitted by ticket are delegates and alternates and distin guished visitors, such, for example, as Senators and Representatives in Congress, Governors of States and others holding offices of equal dignity and char-

R. C. Kerens said this morning that the convention would be held in the north nave of the Expo-sition Building. He has received a telegram from the architect who was directed to prepare the plans necessary to adapt the hall to the use of the convention, saying that \$15,000 would be required for this purpose. The architect has been directed by telegraph to begin the work immediately.

The special committee agreed before adjournment

acter. The usual quota of tickets for the benefit of

the Grand Army of the Republic will also be dis-

to-day to meet at some date between January 10 and 29, at the call of the chairman, Mr. Manley, for the consideration of other matters connected with the convention. Mr. Kerens to-day received a large number of telegrams congratulating him on the elever manner in which St. Louis wrested the convention from her rivals.

The most disappointed people at the Arilington to-day were those who have been strong partisans of Chicago. The Chicago delegates gave out the impression that they would make no effort to secure the convention further than to announce to the committee that they would be glad to entertain the delegates if it were deemed best to hold the convention there. One of the Chicago men beautifully asserted on Monday night that Chicago would win in a walk." Other friends of Chicago "would win in a walk." Other friends of Chicago insisted that all Chicago needed was to announce her candidacy, and the convention would fail into her arms like a ripe apple. At no time was Chicago seriously in the race, and the highest vote received for that city was nine. This marning none of the Chicago ren could be persuaded to talk. When Mr. Campbell, the Illinois member of the committee, was asked why Chicago had made such a feeble light, he begged to be excused from answering. The silence of the Chicago men to-day is in marked contrast with their demeanor of fortyeight hours ago.

At noon nearly all the visiting delegates had left the city. The New-Yorkers, who were headed by General Daniel Butterfield, returned vesterday afternoon. The Pittsburg contingent followed last night. Mayor Swift and trying Pierce, of Chicago, were also among last night's departures, and the remainder of the St. Louis people are still on the ground, but the majority of that delegation left here to-night.

A member of the St. Louis delegation tells a curlous story to-day, which furnishes a new illus-

ground, but the majority of that delegation left, there to night.

A member of the St. Louis delegation tells a curious story to-day, which furnishes a new illustration of the old saying about "lock in old numbers," and which also proves that exceptions exist to the generally well-founded belief that the number 13 is unlucky. When the St. Louis delegation reached the railway station on Friday it was discovered that it consisted of thirteen members. Thirteen was the number of the section in the sleeper assigned to one member. When the party arrived at the Arlington ex-Congressman Frank secured Room 13, and on the informal ballot which was taken by the National Committee yesterday St. Louis received exactly thirteen votes. And yet she distanced all her competitors handily.

SOUTHERN REPUBLICANS AT ST. LOUIS. THEY HOPE TO SECURE THE VICE-PRESIDENCY AND COME FURTHER TO THE FRONT

Washington, Dec. 11 (Special) .- A Republican Representative from the South a man of wealth and culture, said to-day that he intended to be present at the coming National Convention. He re-

marked:

That convention has an importance two ways. The choice of St. Louis signifies among other things that the party will probably look to the South for its Vice-Presidential candidate. The convention with be composed, not as heretofore, of delegates against whom the charge can be made that they are "for sale," but of representative men of our section, its industries, its public spirit, its hopes for the future. I shall not attend the body in the capacity of delegate. There are deserving Republicans in my district who want to go as delegates. I shall be a bystander, but expect to entertain my friends while there. It will be an event in the history of the Republican party to which the party can afterward look back with pride. The better representation from the South will give our people a measure of prominence they have never had accorded to them. If a Southern Vice-President shall be nominated, as seems likely, it will mark a new era in the history of the country. The speaker appeared to be greatly in earnest as he developed this encouraging view of the future of Southern Republicanism.

FAVORS BRADLEY FOR PRESIDENT Richmond, Ky., Dec. 11.—Colonel J. W. Caperton, president of the Richmond National Bank, of this

city, will be a delegate to the Republican Nationa, Convention from this, the VIIIth Congressional Dis-trict. He favors Bradley for President. MANY CALLERS ON GOVERNOR BRADLEY.

in this morning with Colonel L. P. Tariton from the latter's home, and entered the Executive office at 11:15 a. m. A surging crowd of politicians and office-seekers had already gathered in the adjoining room, and it was with difficulty that the private



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secretary, Mr. Shea, and the Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Leigh, handled them. Some merely called to pay their respects, while others were on business matters, and sought an early interview with the new Executive. Nearly every man who called wanted an office, either for himself or some friend, and the scramble for admittance to the Executive Chamber was strong.

WHAT THEY THINK ABOUT IT NOW. REPRESENTATIVES OF CITIES THAT WANTED THE CONVENTION SAY THEY ARE SATISFIED WITH THE CHOICE-SOME ADMISSIONS BY SAN FRANCISCO PEOPLE,

The selection of St. Louis as the place for holding the next Republican National Convention, and naming of the date, June 16, gave the politicians mething to talk about yesterday. Many were inclined to think that it was going to be a hot session, from a mercurial viewpoint, and that the delegates to the next Republican Convention would pine for ice-water and ocean breezes before the convention was ended. A party of rather disappointed people arrived over the Pennsylvania Railroad yesterday morning from Washington. In the party were Christopher L. Mager, of Pittsburg, who went to Washington to boom the Smoky City, and M. H. De Young and George Knight, of San Francisco. Mr. Magee said, in speaking of the defeat of Pittsburg:

"We lost because we were outvoted. Pittsburg would have made a good convention city, but politically the committee did a wise thing by taking the convention to St. Louis. Those fellows down there for a quarter of a century have been trying to free themselves from the old Bourbon rule, and now that they are succeeding it is wise to help them along. The 'Solid South' is rapidly breaking up. The tendency is to build up and strengthen those States which have redeemed themselves, and Missouri deserved the honor. Missouri has no candidate, and every one will get an impartial hearing. We may suffer from the heat and a lack of water supply. but we will by the sacrifice help the party in the

M. H. De Young, Editor of "The San Francisco Chronicle," and member of the Republican National Committee from California, was the most disappointed politician who left Washington. He has worked like a wheelhorse for the Pacific Slope, and the large vote polled for San Francisco shows how hard he labored. San Francisco had much to contend with in the way of objection as to distance wire service. Mr. De Young said:

"I had hopes up to the last ballot. I worked hard and thought I had enough votes pledged. We would have given the delegates a royal welcome if they had come out our way. St. Louis will make a good convention city, and next to San Francisco I think I would have voted for her. It is a good thing to encourage Republicanism where it has a chance of getting permanent growth, but we wanted the convention, and wanted it badly. We shall go to St. Louis, however, ready to pledge our support loyally to the nominee, and then go back to the Pacific Slope and work hard for the party."

Mr. Knight said: "We did the best we could. We took a strong delegation to Washington and made a hard fight, but I had no hope that we would win. Three things beat us—the newspapers, the Western Union Telegraph Company and the Presidential candidates. What candidate for the Presidency would go to the Pacific Slope for a convention? When he got there he would be away out of the world. In the case of St. Louis, however, suppose he or his lieutenants should find that some of the men from Pennsylvania were weakening; supposing, also, that they were pledged to him. He could touch a wire and in an hour he can get in communication with Pennsylvania leaders and say to them that they must bolster up this man or that, or this or that clique. He couldn't do it in San Francisco. Ten thousand people will send a telegram for a quarter where only a hundred will send one that costs a dollar. Then the newspapers say they would be a day late with the news, and also have an inadequate wire service at excessive rates, and they naturally combated the idea of taking the convention there. We are going back and mine our gold and ship our grain, and you won't get me in a deal like this again in a hurry. It would be foolish to take a convention to San Francisco, much as we wanted to."

Mayor McKenna, of Pittsburg, slipped over to New-York for a little visit before returning to Pittsburg. He was also philosophical. He said quietly: "I let others do the talking and I did the praying. At one time we thought that we had the matter sure, but the votes swung around. Pittsburg will get the convention some time again. St. Louis was acceptable to us."

Samuel W. Allerton, the Chicago millionaire who Pennsylvania were weakening; supposing, also, that

sure, but the votes swung around. Pittsburg will get the convention some time again. St. Louis was acceptable to us."

Samuel W. Allerton, the Chicago millionaire who made a speech in the interest of the Windy City, came to town yesterday to attend to some business. He said: "Chicago had the World's Fair and that ought to be glory enough for a lifetime. We wanted that convention, however, but made a miscalculation on the votes. Chicago is the best-equipped city in the country for entertaining conventions, and will get over this disappointment and be ready to welcome the next one with smiles."

The New-York delegation did not return together, but came drifting in in pairs and alone. They had nothing to say and clung to the assertion that they had started too late. Every one was complimenting General Butterfield for the speech that he made, but he refused to comment upon the matter further than to say that St. Louis would be a good convention city.

After arranging details with the sub-committee of the National Committee, the St. Louis delegation came over to New-York yesterday afternoon and registered at the Waldorf. In the party were Chauncey I. Filley, R. C. Kerens, William Warner, Congressman Joy. Mayor Walbridge, of St. Louis, and A. M. Kennard, president of the St. Louis Exposition Company.

The members of the delegation felt highly elated

and A. M. Kennard, president of the St. Louis Exposition Company.

The members of the delegation felt highly elated
over their success, and Mr. Kennard said that the
company would expend over \$20,000 in fitting up the
Exposition Building for the use of the convention.
Every possible convenience would be added to the
building, and Eastern visitors would have no complaints to make against the hospitality of their
Western brethren. The delegation will leave for
home this morning.

A BIG DEMAND FOR ROOMS. HEAVY PRESSURE FOR ACCOMMODATIONS IN THE

CONVENTION CUTY St. Louis, Dec. 11.-Local eathusiasm over the capture of the Republican National Convention has

ot abated. The deluge of outside orders for hotel accommodations began immediately upon the comsome of the demands that an informal meeting of hotel proprietors was held to-day and a decision reached that no one candidate will be allowed to monopolize a hotel. The chief backer and friend of one of the foremost candidates for President elegraphed an order to-night reserving forty of the best rooms in a large hotel. It was learned on investization that orders in proportion from the same source were received at other hotels. It was timen decided by the hotel men that no individual should be allowed to "corner" accommodations for the purpose of entertaining convention shouters. There are ample accommodations in the principal hotels for 10,000 people, while the minor hotels and lodging-houses can comfortably house seven times that number. The rates will not be raised during the convention. Apartments have been secured at the Southern Hotel by Reed, McKinley and Alger, while Allison is booked at the Lindel.

The prompt, complete and unbiased reports of the committee proceedings sent from Washinston by the United Press are the subject of general commendation here. In strong contrast to this is the condemnation of the disgracefully partisan reports sent by the Chicago. best rooms in a large hotel. It was learned or

LEGGAT BROS. HOLIDAY BOOKS.

Speaking of books and Christmas tovelties, one is instantly reminded of that staunch old firm of bookdealers, Leggat Bros., No. 81 Chambers-st., running through to Reade-st., just a few doors from Broad-

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 11.-Governor Bradley drove | for there one can fairly revel amidst and surrounded by a veritable ocean of books and Christmas offerings wherewith to make onereif happy, and, at exceedingly little outlay for value received, impart happy and joyous delight (not to be forgotten), to loved ones, young or old. Courteous, attentive loved ones, young or old. Courteous, attentive salesmen, ready to aid visitors in making selections, are there. The gentlemanly and experienced proprietors, superintending everything carefully, are there. Some of the brainlest men and women of our day will be found there, examining books and coveted Christmas publications, in order to purchase and possess them for themselves or others, and altogether it is the place to visit and obtain pleasure at, during these Yule-tide days.

The Leggate have just published two large catalogues, one devoted entirely to Christmas books, the other, a complete list of standard authors, both of which will be mailed to any address upon request.

TO BUILD A ROAD IN PORT CHESTER. Albany, Dec. 11 .- Among the companies incorporated to-day was the Port Chester Electric Rallway Company, to construct a street surface road about ten miles in length in the village of Port Chester. John E. Bowles, Theodore L. Cuyler, ir., Charles P. Bruch, George E. Bouchelr, Albert E. Beck, David J. Pearsall and Henry F. Hawkins, all or New-York.

A COTTON EXPOSITION FOR CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 11 .- F. D. Debarrard, who is at the head of the movement to have a Cotton Exposition in Chicago, under the auspices of the Southern States, has written to Malcolm McNeill, who is conducting the Chicago end of the enterprise, that he is meeting with great success. He expects to be in meeting with great success. He expects to be in Chicago shortly after the holidays, and bring with him a committee composed of representatives from every Southern State, who will meet a Chicago committee and discuss the whole matter. The Exposition is now assured. It will be held not earlier than August 15, 1895, and will continue, according to the present plans, for about two months. Merchants from the Northwest will be in Chicago about this time, and sheir attention will be called to the Southern exhibit.

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THE WINTER FASHIONS.

A REIGN OF WHITE FUR.

WHITE SATIN AND BLACK PAILLETTES-A BEAU-TIFUL TEA GOWN.

winter's fashions may now be said to be fairly declared. The opera and preceding dinners, the unusual number of smart weddings and the various teas given for the season's debutantes have all made large demands upon the wardrobes of fashionable women, who have brought out their smart gowns rather earlier than usual. Some really lovely mported gowns have been exhibited at the aforesaid functions.

White fur is used on some of the new evening gowns with charming effect. A very becoming creation by Rouffe is of flowered brocade. The skirt, very flaring, is cut simply, with a shell-like pleating around the bottom. The bodice is high and is partly overed with white shining bugles like a cuirass this is bordered with white fur, which also goes around the armhole. White chiffon, crossed over the breast, forms the upper part of the bodice, which is cut low in the neck. The sleeves are of flowered brocade, and are made with two puffs, the

second reaching nearly to the elbow. Mrs. ---, whose style just borders on the audacious. and who therefore affects a Paquin, looked at her best the other evening in a white satin gown embroidered in front with a striking pattern of black palliettes. The bodice of white chiffon had bands of white satin embroidered with the black palliettes, and a drapery of white chiffon across the front of the low-cut neck, fastened with a moulinet bow of black satin near the left shoulder. The sleeves were composed of three or four skilfully arranged fans of chiffon. With this striking costume Mrs.

RENWICK BEQUEST DECLINED

NOT TO BE SEEN IN THE METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ARTS.

NEITHER THE MUSEUM AUTHORITIES NOR THE EXECUTORS OF THE ESTATE WILL GIVE THE

REASON OF THE REJECTION-WAS IT BE-CAUSE THE PAINTINGS WERE NOT

GENUINE OLD MASTERPIECES? It became known yesterday that the trustees of the Metropolitan Museum of Art had declined to accept the eighty-eight paintings, all said to be by old masters, bequeathed to the museum by the will of the late James Renwick. The announcement caused considerable speculation as to what the real reason for declining to accept the gift might be, as no explanation of the action had been given by the trus-

The fact of the bequest and the conditions accompanying its acceptance were made public early in July last. The important provisions were that the collection be kept in a room or sloove to be devoted to it permanently, and that it be known as the James Renwick collection.

With the announcement of the bequest of the paintings, which Mr. Renwick had selected from his private gallery of about 230 pictures, came the news that the gift was made up of the works of such painters as Guercino, Guido, Murillo, Carracci, Van Dyck, Barsono, Carlo Dolce, Rubens, Salvator Rosa, Titian and Correggio. This was received with considerable surprise by artists in general, and experts at once expressed their doubts as to the genuine ness of the pictures. The matter of the bequest was taken up by th

wore her hair arranged after a design by François, I Board of Trustees of the museum at their first



was very much waved and bouffant, and the other was drawn back quite plainly, and held by a high diamond comb piaced very much to that side the head. It was an odd arrangement, one which, nowever, sulted the wearer perfectly.

Some of the new Parislan jackets are very fetch-Those who are slender are sure to like the short, full blouse jackets of velvet, satin or of the These are belted into the waist like a Russian blouse. Another jaunty little affair is a very short hussar-cut jacket, braided in military fashion across the front, and bordered with fur-Still another, equally novel and effective, is of black velvet, tight fitting, and cut short around the waist, and slightly pointed back and front. To this from the side darts, leaving the front open, is sewn a boxpleating of the velvet, which goes around the back. A white ermine fur collarette is cut like a deep yoke, with points on the shoulder, and slightly pointed front and back, a small ermine's head and two little talls finishing each point. A storm collar of the ermine finishes the neck.

A reception dress by Sara Mayer, introduces a combination of several materials with her usual happy effect. The skirt is of plaid bourette, and is slit open on either side of the front breadth nearly to the waist. Under each slit is an inverse boxpleating of green taffeta, the plaid material being buckled over the taffeta at the top by three jewelled buckles. The full bodice is of pale green satin, beautifully embroidered with pear, daisles; this gathered into an odd-shaped yoke of pleated chiffon, the yoke being bordered with a jewelled Draped epaulets nearly cover the full puff sleeves, which only reach to the elbow. A green velvet collar with lace tabs on either side finishes the costume.

It is a pretty fashion for the hostess at her informal afternoons at home to wear a becoming tea-gown. She may wear it, too, at a home dinner, when, tired out with the week's dissipations, she permits herself to be "really comfortable" in the bosom of her family. A lovely affair which was worn by a pretty woman "chez elle" the other day had a long straight gathered front of a thick yellow China silk, of very soft and lustrous texture. This hung straight from a yoke of white velvet, sinbroldered with blue turquoises. The yoke was cut square in the neck, and had a standing Medici collar, and on either side of the yellow silk front was a long, straight band reaching to the hem of the gown. This was really a continuation of the yake, and like it was of white velvet, embroidered with turquoises. The rest of the gown, which was princesse shaped, was of a blue and white brocaded silk, with sleeves of the same material gathered very full to the elbow.

MIGUCKINS SHORTAGE MADE GOOD. Judge L. S. Hyer, of Rahway, one of the bondsmen for E. C. McGuckin, the defaulter of the United States National Bank, stated last evening that the affair had been satisfactorily settled. He refused to divulge the amount paid by himself and William

Chamberlain, but it is generally understood that each bondsman and the bank bore a third of the Judge Hyer scoffed at the story that McGuckin had confederates. He has received no letters to the effect that the defaulter was a tool of other employees of the bank, as was reported.

composed especially for her. One side of the hair f meeting following the summer vacation, and it was decided by them to refer the whole thing to the Committee on Paintings, of which Samuel P. Avery is the chairman, with instructions to report through Executive Committee to the trustees. Committee on Paintings, after examining the pictures, made their report, and soon after, about De-cember 1, the Board of Trustees informed the executors of the Renwick estate that the museum could not receive the gift.

General di Cesnola, the director of the museum, vesterday afternoon said: "It would be improper for me or any of the trustees to explain for publication why Mr. Renwick's gift was not accepted. We want to offend no one, nor do we want to prejudice ourselves in the eyes of other friends who may leave to the museum valuable bequests. The executors of the estate have been informed just why the gift was declined, and it is for them to make the matter public, if any one does." James A. Garland, one of the experts who ex-

James A. Garland, one of the experts who examined the paintings for the museum, was seen at his office, No. 2 Wail-st, yesterday. He declined positively to say anything about the collection.

F. Is. Renwick, No. 26 West Twenty-seventh-st, who is one of the executors, and a nephew of James Renwick, denied that any reason had been given to the executors by the trustees for their having declined the gift, and said that there were certain provises in the will which had influenced the decision. When asked if he would say for publication that this was the only reason why the gift was not received, he said most emphatically. "No."

When asked about the genuineness of the paintings, Mr. Renwick said that he knew nothing about the nerits of pictures himself, but that his uncle had collected them when abroad years ago, and had always valued them highly.

It seems to be the general opinion of experts and art sits in this city that Mr. Renwick valued his collection much more highly than the pictures composing it merited.

The bequest, according to the terms of the will, now reverts to the residuary estate. E. B. Ren-

posing it merited.

The bequest, according to the terms of the will, now reverts to the residuary estate. E. B. Renwick said last night that the heirs had not decided what should be done with the collection, but that it would in all probability be kept in the family.

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Austrian art glass Vases, decorated with gold, 98c

200 large openwork Baskets and Vases, imitation royal Hungarian, \$1 each; worth \$2. English art glass Vases, 25c each.

Genuine French marble Clocks, fitted with bed American S-day movement, latest attachments hour and half hour strike, \$3.50; should be \$12 to \$15. Dresden decorated China Boudoir Clocks, \$2; regu

Decorated German China Boudoir Clocks, \$1 and \$1.0

were \$1.50 and \$3.

Gold finished Banquet Lamps, onyx column, shade complete, \$4.50; the usual \$8 grade.

Fancy gold decorated twisted Wax Candles, \$c each usually 12c.

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CHARGES AGAINST PRESTON DISMISSED

GOVERNOR MORTON SAYS THE CIRCUMSTANCES DO NOT JUSTIFY ANOTHER INVESTIGATION OF THE BANK SUPERINTENDENT.

Albany, Dec. 11 .- Governor Morton to-day issued an order dismissing the charges brought Charles M. Preston, State Superintendent of Banks, preferred by the depositors' organization of the Commercial Bank, of Brooklyn, Superintendent Preston's term expires in May next, but it is expected that he will resign his office, to take effect on January 1. Mr. Preston is president of the Equitable Securities Company, of New-York City, and this company will come within the supervision of the State Banking Department on January 1. As the law prohibits any employe of the Banking De-partment from being connected with any financial institution under the supervision of the Depart nent, it is expected that Superintendent Preston will resign as Superintendent of Banks at the end of the

In upholding Mr. Preston's official action, and in dismissing the charges, Governor Morton refers to the inquiry by Governor Flower into similar charges and Governor Flower's action in dismissing them. and says that in his judgment the charges do not justify another investigation. Governor Morton says

in conclusion:

Mr. Preston has been Superintendent of Banks since December, 1889. The first examination of the Commercial Bank after he became Superintendent was made June 30, 1890, and it then appeared that the bank had a surp.us of \$4.88117 over and above all its liabilities, including its capital stock. There was a special examination December 5, 1899, suggested by the general thancial depression of that year, and it then appeared that the capital of the bank was impaired to the amount of \$14.009 27. The next day the Superintendent, acting under the authority conferred by the Banking law, directed this deficiency to be made good at once, and within three days there was paid to the bank in cash \$31.24458, and within sixty days a total of \$42.9457, all of which was realized from past due paper, which had been disallowed in the examination as worthless.

Sil. 234.58, and within sixty days a total of \$42.045.77, all of which was realized from past due paper, which had been disallowed in the examination as worthless.

The next regular examination under the law was made in September, 1831, and it appeared that there was an imparment of capital of the bank of \$37,115.58. Upon the receipt of this report of the examiner, the Superintendent at once personally visited the bank, as he says, "for the purpose of requiring that this sum be made good, or taking possession of the bank, as might be considered necessary." He personally made an examination of the paper of the bank and readjusted the valuation of the real estate upon what he considered satisfactory evidence of its actual value. Within three days from this examination there was paid in each \$15,775.88, on paper which had been disallowed by the examiner as doubtful and worthless, and within sixty days a total of \$23,088.88, so that there was an actual surplus of about \$13,502. There was another regular examination October 4, 1832. It was then found that the bank had a surplus of \$1,689.49, after rejecting as doubtful and worthless promissory notes amounting to \$183,-237 15. There has been no examination made since by the Banking Department.

The bank made quarterly reports in December, 1882, and in March and June, 1882, all of which showed it to be in a solvent condition, and, according to its own estimates, to possess a reasonable surplus. It is now claimed that these reports were not true, but it is not claimed that any suggest on concerning the alleged falsity was made to the Superintendent or that there were any circumstances connected with the management of the bank which required any special examination during this period. The bank does not seem to have been actually solvent, although the surplus was not at any time very large. The bank was unable to resist the effect of the financial depression of 1883, and closed its doors on the 12th of August.

The loans particularly criticised are those made to the St. Kevin Mining Company and to Paul C. Grening, the first of which was secured to the amount of \$30,000, which is the extent to which the

If money would make a better shirt, we would make it. Made to measure, six for \$9.00; laundered, six for \$10;

For thirty years we have been using

all our brains and skill and money just

to make the best shirts in the world.

ready to wear, \$1.50 each Keep M'f'g Company, Broadway, bet. 11th & 12th Sts. Branch stores in Boston and Philadelphia.

Banking Department considered the loan good. This collateral has been fully realized since the bank closed its doors. The loan to Grening amounted to a little over \$122,000. It seems that the receiver voluntarily made some deductions in settlement and received \$120,000 upon this loan. Some of the paper held by the bank, and which was supposed to be good, proved to be uncolectible after the failure of the bank; but the fact that the receiver has aircady realized a sufficient amount from the assets, after deducting expenses, to nearly pay the depositors in full, is, I think very strong evidence that if the financial panic of 1893 had not occurred the bank need not have closed its doors. I think that the Superintendent acted promptly and with due regard to the interests of all concerned in the affairs of this bank and that no further investigation of the charges is necessary. They are, therefore, dismissed.

PROBABLY LOST WITH ALL ON BOARD San Francisco, Dec. 11 .- The bark Theobald, Captain Swan, brings news of the probable loss of the schoner Elwood with all hands. The schooner is now far behind time and the most sanguine have little hope that she is still affoat. She was commanded by Captain Wymans, and is supposed to have gone down somewhere between Cook's Inlet and Glazier Bay.

HE IS WANTED IN MANY STATES.

New-Orleans, Dec. 11.-Dr. William F. Hammond. a well-known criminal wanted in various parts of the country for arson, murder, burglary, etc., was arrested here this morning by the local police. He is charged with being a fugitive from justice from the State of Florida and is said to be wanted in Maine and many other States.

AN AGED DRUMMER TRIES SUICIDE.

Bernard Behr, seventy-four years old, of No. 157 Avenue D, attempted suicide at his home at noon yesterday by taking paris green. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital in a precarious condition. Behr was a shoe drummer for many years, and at one time made plenty of money. time, however, he has done nothing, and has been extremely poor. He lived with his married daughter, Mrs. Ida Klein, whose husband is a slippermaker. He had been despondent lately because of his impoverished condition. He went uptown Tuesday to get some money that was due him, and returned home much dejected because the mosey was not paid to him.

LET'S GO TO FLINT'S,

Christmas buyers are saying. A wealth of meal those words for those who want good furniture

45 West 23d Street.

Brookivn Stores: Flatbush Av. near Putton St

with silver plated covers, \$1; were \$2.

Decorated thin Japanese china Tea Cups and Saucers,

BEGINNING NEXT SATURDAY THE STORE WILL BE OPEN EVENINGS UNT.L

WOMEN'S JACKETS

Cold comes too late to save prices. After the makers get on the run things are all your way. Here are about 150 women's stylish cloth Jackets, lined and plain. Many boucle and rough cloths in the lot.

Were \$7.50, \$15, \$20, \$30.

Now \$4.75, \$7.50, \$10, \$15.

Now \$3.75, \$7.50, \$10, \$15. On sale at 11.30 A. M.

York—and less to pay than you suspect.

Men's English Gloves, horse hair back, leather palms, wool lined, soft and warm, just the thing for skating or driving, \$1 pr., imported to sell at \$2.50.

Men's pique walking Gloves, patent lock fastening, tan shades, \$1 pr.; were \$1.25.

Dent's walking and driving Gloves in prix seams and pique, all the newest shades, \$1.75 pair.

Dent's wool and silk lined kid cape and goat coaching Gloves \$7.50 pr.

Gloves, \$2.50 pr.
Dent's real reindeer Gloves, lined with fine coney fur.
\$5.50 pr.; unlined, \$3.50; real India antelope, \$3.25. dogskin, wool lined, fur top Gloves, \$1 and

imported and domestic makes. Also eiderdown and Terry cloth Bath Robes, French and domestic,

with fine open work embroidery, 6 to 14 yrs., \$1.25 Second Floor, Fourth Avenue. HOLIDAY HANDKERCHIEFS